



Person centred care using goal setting to increase the effectiveness and efficiency of stroke rehabilitation

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 To outline the use of Quality Improvement methodology as a vehicle for learning and action aimed at service improvement

 To understand the impact of using goal setting to deliver person centred stroke rehabilitation

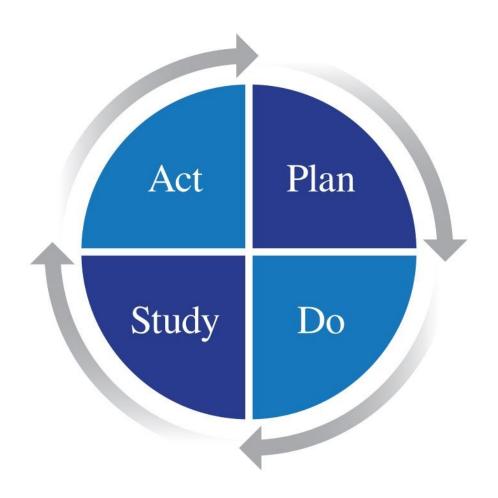
Comparison of length of stay using person centred rehabilitation

2015	No of Pts	Min los	Max los	Mean	Med
W-SRU	177	2	404	64	59
F-SRU	44	6	127	36	27
2016	No of Pts	Min los	Max los	Mean	Med
2016 W-SRU	No of Pts 203	Min los	Max los 209	Mean 55	Med 42

SRU = Stroke Rehabilitation Unit

Method Model for Improvement Dr W Edwards Deming





Aim – Each person in the stroke rehabilitation services in Grampian will experience person centred rehabilitation using goal setting

Primary Drivers (what) Secondary Drivers (how) Change ideas Outcome Regular meetings with MDT Use a goal setting to define & set goals and process / flow chart to Patient and inform rehabilitation plan focus discussions and family carer to plan actions at MDT experience Patient is invited to have person centred family member/s friend attend Goal setting training is rehabilitation goal meeting By the end of available for all staff using goal September 2017, Goal meetings are lead by groups person-centred goal setting team member experienced in setting will be goal setting utilised by 95% of new admissions (under care of TL) on The use of structured the stroke Goal record is documented goal setting rehabilitation unit in an accessible format Goal setting paperwork will ensure (West) at Woodend process accessibility for all Hospital to manage Goal are documented in a patients and support their rehabilitation, patient held record & held by resulting in a goal setting treatment the patients bedside reduction of median outcomes length of stay by 10%. Discharge report includes Patient goal summary Information is goal record is reported as part of shared discharge information to professionals and Patient receives a copy of 'PLAN' to the patient their goals

Aim – Each person in the stroke rehabilitation services in Grampian will experience person centred rehabilitation using goal setting

Outcome	Primary Drivers (what)	Secondary Drivers (how)	Change ideas
By the end of September 2017, person-centred goal setting will be utilised by 95% of	Patient and family carer experience person centred rehabilitation using goal setting	Regular meetings with MDT to define & set goals and inform rehabilitation plan Patient is invited to have family member/s friend attend goal meeting Goal meetings are lead by team member experienced in goal setting	Use a goal setting process / flow chart to focus discussions and to plan actions at MDT Goal setting training is available for all staff groups
new admissions (under care of TL) on the stroke rehabilitation unit (West) at Woodend Hospital to manage their rehabilitation, resulting in a reduction of median length of stay by 10%.	Goal setting process	Goal record is documented in an accessible format Goal are documented in a patient held record & held by the patients bedside	The use of structured goal setting paperwork will ensure accessibility for all patients and support goal setting treatment outcomes
	Information is shared	Discharge report includes goal record Patient receives a copy of their goals	Patient goal summary is reported as part of discharge information to professionals and to the patient

Primary Drivers (what)

Secondary Drivers (how)

Change ideas

Patient and family carer experience person centred rehabilitation using goal setting

Regular meetings with MDT to define & set goals and inform rehabilitation plan

Patient is invited to have family member/s friend attend goal meeting

Goal meetings are lead by team member experienced in goal setting

Use a goal setting process / flow chart to focus discussions and to plan actions at MDT

Goal setting training is available for all staff groups

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Primary Drivers

Secondary Drivers

Change idea

Goal setting process

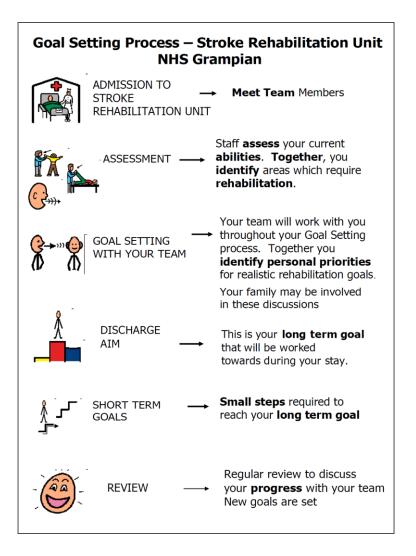
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Goal Setting Process – 2008 /2009

	MandOS				Process Ref : 1 Revision :		
Goal Setting					Revision . Revised : 25/08/2008 Gramplan		
Goal Setting North Aberdeenshire Stroke Unit			Chairman	Patient	Owner: NHS Grampian - Stroke MCN Approver: Consultant OT Stroke		
		D.T.			Responsible a Assists C Consulted i Informed		
Seq	Task Title	Σ	S _R	Pati	Task Description		
1.1	Patient Admitted to Stroke Rehabilitaion Unit	Y			Team identify 'Chairman' (or deputy) who will introduce/explain goal setting and chair/plan goal meetings.		
1.2	Introduction/explanation of goal setting process	_	Ż	ī	'Chairman (or deputy) explains goal setting process and ensures patient has goal setting documentation in folder at end of bed (includes introduction information and goal documentation sheets).		
1.3	Assessment	Ż		С	Patient is assessed by team during first week of admission. Abilities and problems identified.		
1.4	First Goal Setting Meeting	а	Ť	С	First goal meeting is held with patient + carer/family. Goal folder is take meeting by Chairman. Team/patient clarify strengths, problems, needs wants. Key Issue list is documented by Chairman (or deputy). Goals e and negotiated by team with patient.		
1.5	Patient identified priorities for rehabilitation with team i.e. long term goals	а	†	С	In first team meeting, Team discuss realistic plan and possible long term goals. Chairman facilitates process through MDT discussion +/or supported communication.		
1.6	Goal is Documented	а	†	С	Long Term goal is negotiated and agreed with patient. Goals should reflect WHO is doing WHAT under what CONDITIONS. To what DEGREE of success within what period of TIME. Goal is documented on goal sheet in goal folder.		
1.7	Short Term Goals	a	Ť	С	One to three (approx.) short term goals are agreed with the patient/family and team to achieve long term goal.		
1.8	Actions to support goal agreed	Ż	a	ī	Actions by team/family/carer to suppport goal achievement are agreed and documented		
1.9	Date for Review Agreed	а	Image: Control of the	С	Fortnightly goal meeting day is agreed by team with patient + carer/family + date set + documented.		
1.10	Goal review meeting (once per fortnight or as appropriate)	a	†	С	Patient + team discuss views on goal achievement + document if achieve partially achieved or not achieved.		
1.11	New Goals Set	а	†	С	Patient + team discuss and agree new short term goals to further support achievement of long term goals. New long term goal set if appropriate.		
1.12	Final Goal Meeting	a	Ť	С	Prior to discharge; team meet patient and family/carer to agree final outcome		
1.13	Goals Reported in Discharge Report	$\stackrel{\downarrow}{ abla}$		С	MDT report includes summary of goals + achievement.		
1.14	Documentation Filed		$\stackrel{\triangle}{\uparrow}$		Goal sheets are filed in medical notes.		

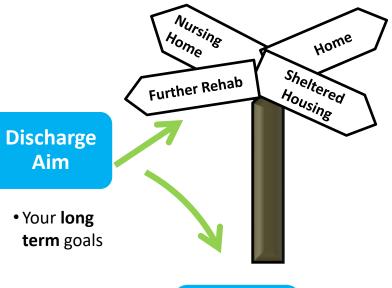


Goal Setting – Stroke Rehabilitation Unit NHS Grampian









Admission



Assessment



Goal Setting

Meet the **team**

- What can you do?
- What do you find difficult?
- Goals are about what is **important** to you
- Goals are set together





Aim

 Small steps to reach your long term goals

Review

- Discuss progress
- As you reach your goals, you will set **new goals**



Patient feedback – goal setting





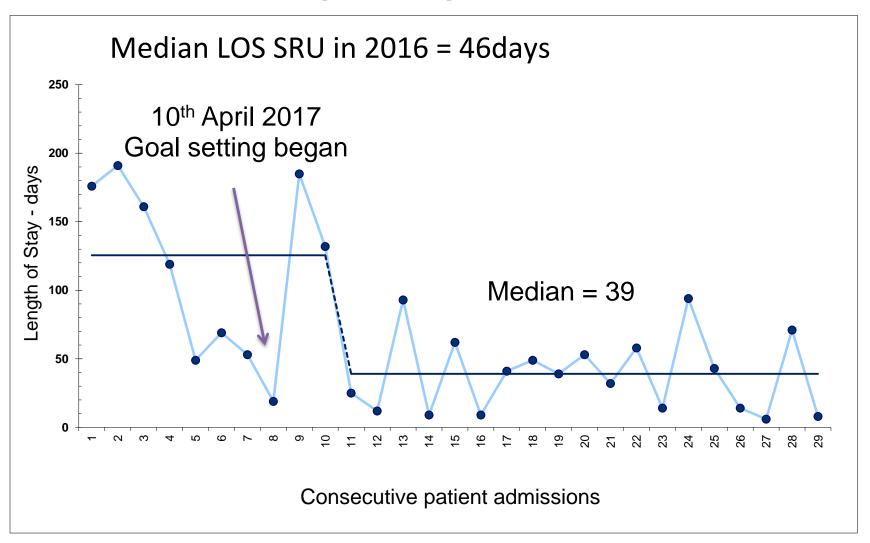
AIM

- By the end of September 2017, person-centred goal setting will be utilised by 95% of new admissions on the stroke rehabilitation unit (SRU) West, under the care of TL at Woodend Hospital to manage their rehabilitation.
- Outcome This will result in a reduction of the median length of stay of 10%.

Impact to the organisation - Length of stay using person centred rehabilitation

	Pts	Min los	Max los	Mean	Med
SRU 2016	110	7	349	61	46
SRU Apr-Sept 17	20	6	119	38	39

Run chart -Stroke Rehabilitation Unit - Length of Stay April – Sept 2017



Does the consultant occupational therapist provide effective clinical leadership on the SRU?

"yes – AHP consultant provides effective clinical leadership and is able to lead complex situations/discharges. Supports MDT timely & effective decision making"

"....excellent clinical leadership skills which helps keep the patients, families and the MDT members informed and working alongside her. As a result the flow is smooth and time wastage is reduced"

"The advantage of therapy background is that they are pretty interdisciplinary wired and focussed on practical, efficient and timely solutions"

Conclusion

- The introduction of person centred goal setting achieved patient and staff satisfaction and indicated a 15% reduction in the median length of stay on the unit
- Quality improvement methods are an effective way of testing out change ideas for service improvement

Thank you



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