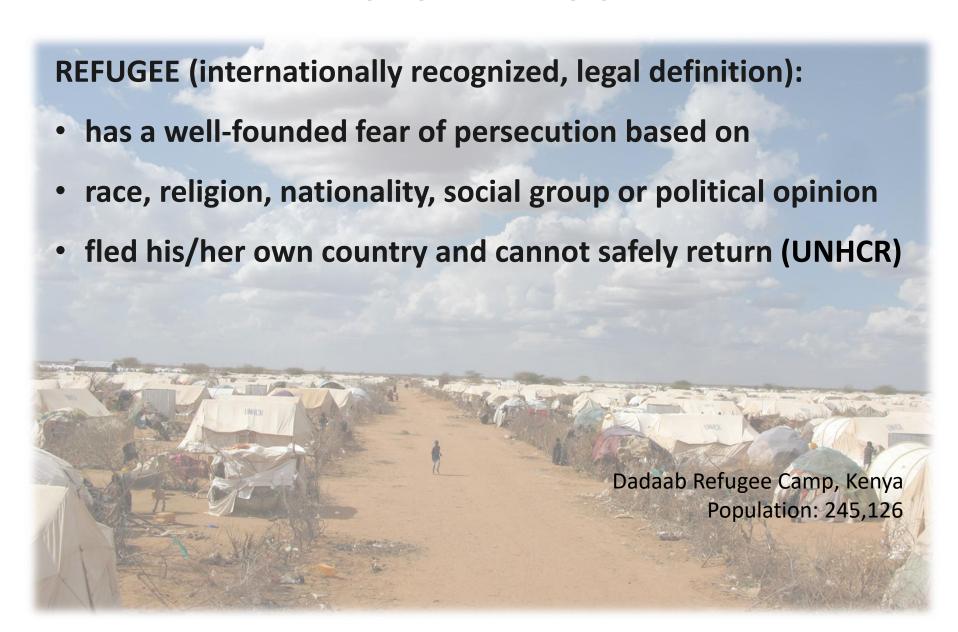
CONTEXTUALLY **RESPONSIVE OCCUPATIONAL** THERAPY working with refugees & asylum seekers **WFOT** May 22, 2018 Capetown, South Africa



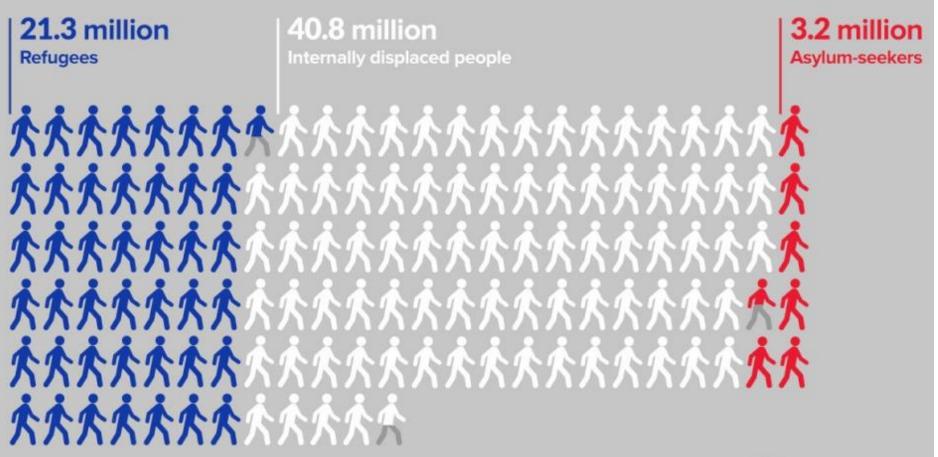


WHO IS A REFUGEE?



GLOBAL MIGRATION-HIGHEST IN DECADES

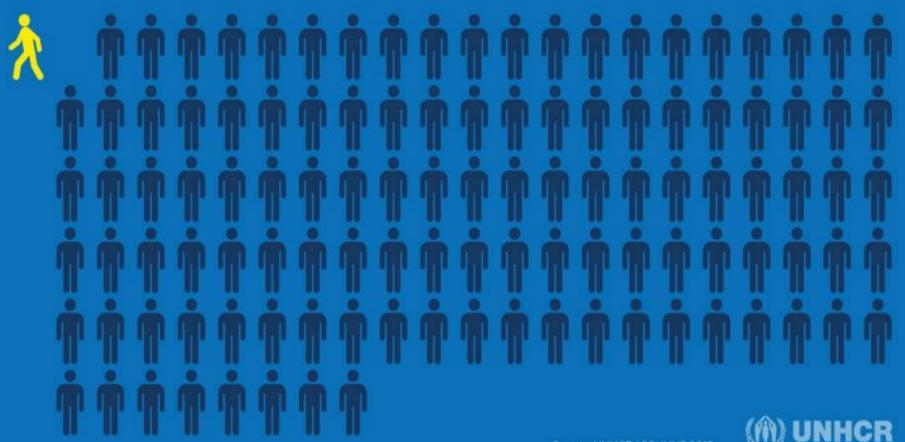
65.3 million people worldwide are forcibly displaced — roughly the population of France







1 in every 113 people on earth is an asylum-seeker, internally displaced or a refugee



Flight

- Fear of being caught and returned
- Crossing checkpoints and borders
- Robbery
- Crowded, unsanitary conditions
- Exploitation: bribes, lies, entrapment
- Lack of medical care/untreated conditions
- Malnutrition
- Long waits in centers
- Unpredictable shelter
- Uncertainty about future
- Danger from war/raids
- Gender-based violence





Many refugees and survivors of

asylum seekers are state sponsored torture

Amnesty International documents over 141 countries as practicing torture.

Source: Amnesty International Annual Report 2014: The State of the World's Human Rights

TORTURE

Used systemically and systematically around the globe

The ultimate corruption of human relationships breaks the spirit, silences, shames and is meant to *break bodies and minds* (Stover and Nightengale, 1985)

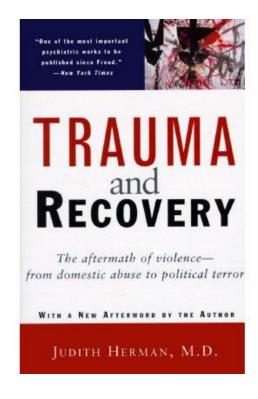
"Torture as an instrument of political and social control is intended to rob its victims of their "voice" and their agency, to have them serve as abject warnings to the general populace" (Gorman 2001)

Torture creates discord in families, perpetuates fear and distrust among communities, and stifles opposition to the 'status quo' fueling a cycle of intimidation, and alienation, ultimately corrupting human connections and creating isolation.

Normal human response to abnormal human experiences
Torture is the pathology not the symptoms

Trauma-Informed Model is Imperative Judith Lewis Herman, MD

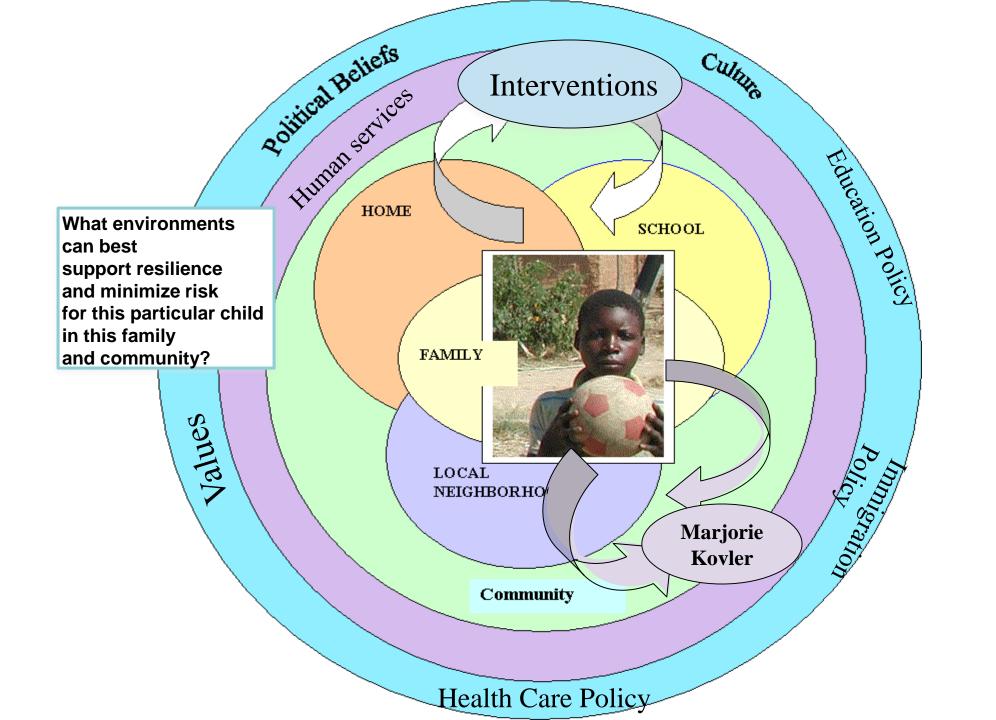
- Safety
- Reconstruction
- Reconnection





Culturally responsive approach

- Awareness of implicit biases
- How we see ourselves may be different than how others see us
- Culture = (not) Race + Ethnicity
- Do not assume you understand
- Be aware of power and privilege
- Approach work with humility
- Consider modifying terminology in medical/mental health settings
- Explanatory models helpful
- Create environments reflective of populations served-collaborate
- Work collaboratively with interpreters ~ "cultural broker"







"We've lost something we're always trying to capture. Where do you find it? In the kitchen! When you get in the kitchen we find it in little pieces, in the food, in the conversation. When you smell that particular herb, you can picture the woman in the market who sells it, what she is wearing- you know where she is from. It takes you back to good places, takes you back home. I still own a culture of food that I can share and that people will accept...



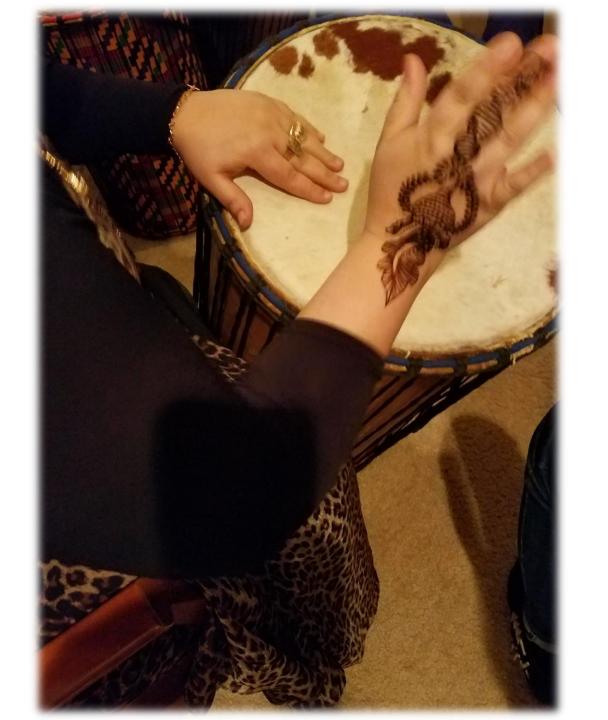
...In English I can't capture the experience but I can touch the feeling when we're creating, when we're doing. You feel it. It's alive...The greatest joys are simple. When we're eating nothing else counts. We're no longer a survivor. We are celebrating family. We are happy.' all about acceptance. That is our tradition.

Anthony C. Ibeagha, TASSC member from Nigeria, personal communication, 2008











In the garden you often hear, "Oh, this smells just like what my mother planted...this brings me home."



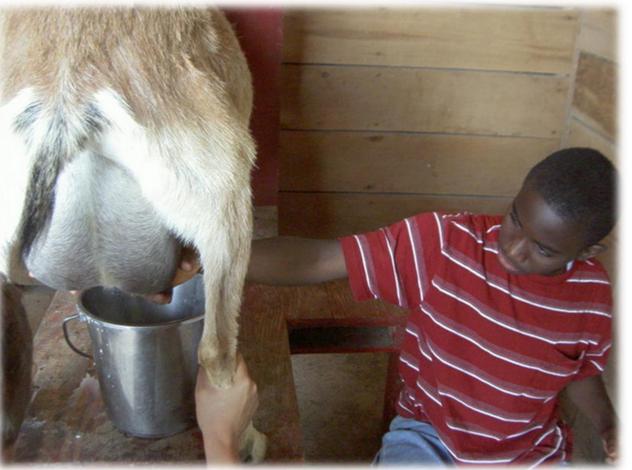
Every time I'm there, It's so interesting to see how one plant can have a connection to different countries...they all know it. I say, "I have this in my country." "You have this in your country?"

And we feel like, oh, we're related now, you know. We're family!"





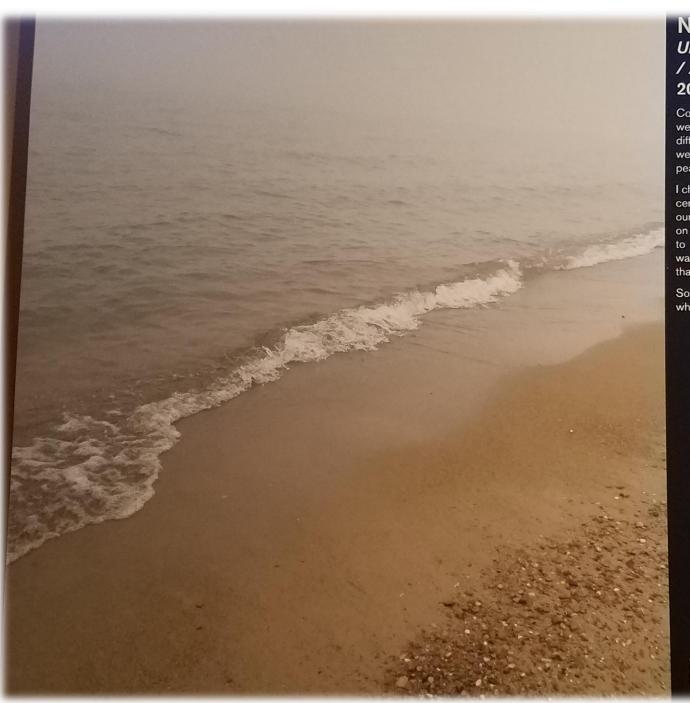












NANCY

Une Communauté inattendue / An Unexpected Community, 2014

Coming from far away lands, we never thought we would find ourselves in this place: despite our differences in color, language, culture, and religion, we can live hopeful lives here now and rediscover the peace that was lost in the hardships of our homeland.

I chose this photo because I feel that waves exude a certain tranquility after they break on the sand. We find ourselves together today like different grains of sand on the beach. Living together gives us the sustenance to carry on despite our problems—much like the waves that continue their perpetual movement—so that we can have hope for our future.

So many organizations bring peace and hope to those who live here in Chicago.

FORCED MIGRATION PHOTOVOICE PROJECT

CHICAGO PUBLIC LIBRARY





HEARTLAND ALLIAN

HEARTLAI
ALLIANCE
HUMAN CARE



You are dealing with people who are not giving up, so why should you?'

Ayman Gharaibeh, UNHCR working in Yemen

