

Discapacidad y reconocimiento de derechos humanos en Suramerica

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This paper presents the human rights for the persons with disability from the approved normatividad worldwide and from his violation for the case of four South American countries: Argentina, Colombia, Chile and Peru. The approximation sustains in the results of several researches that though it does not try to be comparative, if it shows any of the similarities and differences between(among) these countries. The approximation sustains in the results of several researches that though it does not try to be comparative, if it shows any of the similarities and differences between these countries.

To initiate both predominant models are enunciated in the study of the disability since they are: the "medical model" and the so called "social model", this brief context accompanies of the policies, specially of the regulation, arisen specially at the end of the 20th century and of the beginning of the 21st century on the topic.

In the region in general the balances as for the human rights of the persons with disability in South America according to it the researches demonstrate of: Dell'ano and Cols. 1998, Parra 2004 and Samaniego 2006, for it has to be multiple to the actions that both the States, and the civil society and the persons with disabilities and his associations have to tackle to achieve that the full recognition of the human rights they are a reality in the region.

It concludes with the futurology that involves some possible alternatives in order that the persons with disability are full subjects of rights in South America.